







- Glanzmann's Thrombasthenia Type I (ITGA2B Exon 13) (Chromosome 9)
- Glanzmann's Thrombasthenia Type I (ITGA2B Exon 12) (Chromosome 9)
- May-Hegglin Anomaly (MYH9) (Chromosome 10)
- Prekallikrein Deficiency (KLKB1 Exon 8) (Chromosome 16)
- Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 5) (Chromosome 7)
- Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 7 Labrador Variant) (Chromosome 7)
- Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 7 Pug Variant) (Chromosome 7)
- Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 7 Beagle Variant) (Chromosome 7)
- Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency (PKLR Exon 10) (Chromosome 7)
- Trapped Neutrophil Syndrome (VPS13B) (Chromosome 13)
- Ligneous Membranitis (PLG) (Chromosome 1)

## Endocrine (Hormones)

- Congenital Hypothyroidism (TPO, Tenterfield Terrier Variant) (Chromosome 17)

## Immunologic (Immune)

- Complement 3 (C3) deficiency (C3) (Chromosome 20)
- Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (PRKDC) (Chromosome 29)
- Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (RAG1) (Chromosome 18)
- X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (IL2RG Variant 1) (Chromosome X)
- X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (IL2RG Variant 2) (Chromosome X)

## Ophthalmologic (Eyes)

- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - rcd1 Rod-cone dysplasia, rcd1 (PDE6B Exon 21 Irish Setter Variant) (Chromosome 3)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy Rod-cone dysplasia, rcd1a (PDE6B Exon 21 Sloughi Variant) (Chromosome 3)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - rcd3 Rod-cone dysplasia, rcd3 (PDE6A) (Chromosome 4)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - CNGA (CNGA1 Exon 9) (Chromosome 13)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - prcd Progressive rod-cone degeneration (PRCD Exon 1) (Chromosome 9)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy (CNGB1) (Chromosome 2)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy (SAG) (Chromosome 25)

- Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1 (SLC4A3) (Chromosome 37)
- Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 2 (TTC8) (Chromosome 8)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - crd1 (PDE6B) (Chromosome 3)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - crd2 (IQCB1) (Chromosome 33)
- Progressive Retinal Atrophy - crd4/cord1 (RPGRIP1) (Chromosome 15)
- Collie Eye Anomaly, Choroidal Hypoplasia (NHEJ1) (Chromosome 37)
- Day blindness, Achromatopsia, Cone Degeneration (CNGB3 Exon 6) (Chromosome 29)
- Achromatopsia (CNGA3 Exon 7 German Shepherd Variant) (Chromosome 10)
- Achromatopsia (CNGA3 Exon 7 Labrador Retriever Variant) (Chromosome 10)
- Autosomal Dominant Progressive Retinal Atrophy (RHO) (Chromosome 20)
- Canine Multifocal Retinopathy cmr1 (BEST1 Exon 2) (Chromosome 18)
- Canine Multifocal Retinopathy cmr2 (BEST1 Exon 5) (Chromosome 18)
- Canine Multifocal Retinopathy cmr3 (BEST1 Exon 10 Deletion) (Chromosome 18)
- Canine Multifocal Retinopathy cmr3 (BEST1 Exon 10 SNP) (Chromosome 18)
- Glaucoma Primary Open Angle Glaucoma (ADAMTS10 Exon 9) (Chromosome 20)
- Glaucoma Primary Open Angle Glaucoma (ADAMTS10 Exon 17) (Chromosome 20)
- Glaucoma Primary Open Angle Glaucoma (ADAMTS17 Exon 11) (Chromosome 3)
- Hereditary Cataracts, Early-Onset Cataracts, Juvenile Cataracts (HSF4 Exon 9 Boston Terrier Variant) (Chromosome 5)
- Hereditary Cataracts, Early-Onset Cataracts, Juvenile Cataracts (HSF4 Exon 9 Shepherd Variant) (Chromosome 5)
- Primary Lens Luxation (ADAMTS17) (Chromosome 3)
- Congenital stationary night blindness (RPE65) (Chromosome 6)
- Macular Corneal Dystrophy (MCD) (CHST6) (Chromosome 5)

## Urinary (Kidney and Bladder)

- 2,8-Dihydroxyadenine (2,8-DHA) Urolithiasis (APRT) (Chromosome 5)
- Cystinuria Type I-A (SLC3A1) (Chromosome 10)
- Cystinuria Type II-A (SLC3A1) (Chromosome 10)
- Cystinuria Type I-A (SLC7A9) (Chromosome 1)
- Hyperuricosuria and Hyperuricemia or Urolithiasis (SLC2A9) (Chromosome 3)
- Polycystic Kidney Disease (PKD1) (Chromosome 6)
- Primary Hyperoxaluria (AGXT) (Chromosome 25)

- Protein Losing Nephropathy (NPHS1) (Chromosome 1)
- X-Linked Hereditary Nephropathy (Samoyed Variant 2) (COL4A5 Exon 35) (Chromosome X)
- Autosomal Recessive Hereditary Nephropathy, Familial Nephropathy (COL4A4 Exon 3) (Chromosome 25)

## Multisystem

- Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia (CCDC39 Exon 3) (Chromosome 34)
- Congenital Keratoconjunctivitis Sicca and Ichthyosiform Dermatitis (CKCSID), Dry Eye Curly Coat Syndrome (FAM83H Exon 5) (Chromosome 13)
- X-linked Ectodermal Dysplasia, Anhidrotic Ectodermal Dysplasia (EDA Intron 8) (Chromosome X)
- Renal Cystadenocarcinoma and Nodular Dermatofibrosis (RCND) (FLCN Exon 7) (Chromosome 5)
- Glycogen Storage Disease Type II, Pompe's Disease (GAA) (Chromosome 9)
- Glycogen Storage Disease Type Ia, Von Gierke Disease (G6PC) (Chromosome 9)
- Glycogen Storage Disease Type IIIa (GSD IIIa) (AGL) (Chromosome 6)
- Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA, Sanfilippo Syndrome Type A (SGSH Exon 6 Variant 1) (Chromosome 9)
- Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA, Sanfilippo Syndrome Type A (SGSH Exon 6 Variant 2) (Chromosome 9)
- Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII, Sly Syndrome (GUSB Exon 5) (Chromosome 6)
- Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII, Sly Syndrome (GUSB Exon 3) (Chromosome 6)
- Glycogen storage disease Type VII, Phosphofructokinase deficiency (PFKM Whippet and English Springer Spaniel Variant) (Chromosome 27)
- Glycogen storage disease Type VII, Phosphofructokinase deficiency (PFKM Wachtelhund Variant) (Chromosome 27)
- Lagotto Storage Disease (ATG4D) (Chromosome 20)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 1 (PPT1 Exon 8) (Chromosome 15)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 2 (TPP1 Exon 4) (Chromosome 21)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 1, Cerebellar Ataxia - NCL-A (ARSG Exon 2) (Chromosome 9)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 1 (CLN5 Border Collie Variant) (Chromosome 22)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 6 (CLN6 Exon 7) (Chromosome 30)

- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8 (CLN8 English Setter Variant) (Chromosome 37)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis (MFSD8) (Chromosome 19)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis (CLN8 Australian Shepherd Variant) (Chromosome 37)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 10 (CTSD Exon 5) (Chromosome 18)
- Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis (CLN5 Golden Retriever Variant) (Chromosome 22)
- Adult-Onset Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis (ATP13A2) (Chromosome 2)
- GM1 Gangliosidosis (GLB1 Exon 15 Shiba Inu Variant) (Chromosome 23)
- GM1 Gangliosidosis (GLB1 Exon 15 Alaskan Husky Variant) (Chromosome 23)
- GM1 Gangliosidosis (GLB1 Exon 2) (Chromosome 23)
- GM2 Gangliosidosis (HEXB, Poodle Variant) (Chromosome 2)
- GM2 Gangliosidosis (HEXA) (Chromosome 30)
- Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy, Krabbe disease (GALC Exon 5) (Chromosome 8)

## Other Systems

- Autosomal Recessive Amelogenesis Imperfecta (Italian Greyhound Variant) (Chromosome 13)
- Persistent Mullerian Duct Syndrome (AMHR2) (Chromosome 27)

## Neurologic (Brain and Spinal Cord)

- Alaskan Husky Encephalopathy, Subacute Necrotizing Encephalomyelopathy (SLC19A3) (Chromosome 25)
- Alexander Disease (GFAP) (Chromosome 9)
- Cerebellar Abiotrophy, Neonatal Cerebellar Cortical Degeneration (SPTBN2) (Chromosome 18)
- Cerebellar Ataxia, Progressive Early-Onset Cerebellar Ataxia (SEL1L) (Chromosome 8)
- Cerebellar Hypoplasia (VLDLR) (Chromosome 1)
- Spinocerebellar Ataxia, Late-Onset Ataxia (CAPN1) (Chromosome 18)
- Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Myokymia and/or Seizures (KCNJ10) (Chromosome 38)
- Benign Familial Juvenile Epilepsy, Remitting Focal Epilepsy (LGI2) (Chromosome 3)
- Degenerative Myelopathy (SOD1A) (Chromosome 31)
- Fetal-Onset Neonatal Neuroaxonal Dystrophy (MFN2) (Chromosome 2)
- Hypomyelination and Tremors (FNIP2) (Chromosome 15)
- Shaking Puppy Syndrome, X-linked Generalized Tremor Syndrome (PLP) (Chromosome X)

- L-2-Hydroxyglutaricaciduria (L2HGDH) (Chromosome 0)
- Neonatal Encephalopathy with Seizures (NEWS) (ATF2) (Chromosome 36)
- Polyneuropathy, NDRG1 Greyhound Variant (NDRG1 Exon 15) (Chromosome 13)
- Polyneuropathy, NDRG1 Malamute Variant (NDRG1 Exon 4) (Chromosome 13)
- Narcolepsy (HCRTR2 Intron 6) (Chromosome 12)
- Progressive Neuronal Abiotrophy (Canine Multiple System Degeneration) (SERAC1 Exon 15) (Chromosome 1)
- Progressive Neuronal Abiotrophy (Canine Multiple System Degeneration) (SERAC1 Exon 4) (Chromosome 1)
- Juvenile Laryngeal Paralysis and Polyneuropathy, Polyneuropathy with Ocular Abnormalities and Neuronal Vacuolation (POANV) (RAB3GAP1, Rottweiler Variant) (Chromosome 19)
- Hereditary Sensory Autonomic Neuropathy (HSAN), Acral Mutilation Syndrome (GDNF-AS) (Chromosome 4)
- Juvenile-Onset Polyneuropathy, Leonberger Polyneuropathy 1 (LPN1, ARHGEF10) (Chromosome 16)

## Cardiac (Heart)

- Dilated Cardiomyopathy (PDK4) (Chromosome 14)
- Long QT Syndrome (KCNQ1) (Chromosome 18)

## Muscular

- Muscular Dystrophy Cavalier King Charles Spaniel Variant 1 (Chromosome X)
- Muscular Dystrophy Muscular Dystrophy (DMD Pembroke Welsh Corgi Variant ) (Chromosome X)
- Muscular Dystrophy Muscular Dystrophy (DMD Golden Retriever Variant) (Chromosome X)
- Centronuclear Myopathy (PTPLA) (Chromosome 2)
- Exercise-Induced Collapse (DNM1) (Chromosome 9)
- Inherited Myopathy of Great Danes (BIN1) (Chromosome 19)
- Myotonia Congenita (CLCN1 Exon 7) (Chromosome 16)
- Myotonia Congenita (CLCN1 Exon 23) (Chromosome 16)
- Myotubular Myopathy 1, X-linked Myotubular Myopathy (MTM1) (Chromosome X)



## Metabolic

- Hypocatalasia, Acatalasemia (CAT) (Chromosome 18)
- Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Deficiency (PDP1) (Chromosome 29)
- Malignant Hyperthermia (RYR1) (Chromosome 1)

## Gastrointestinal

- Imerslund-Grasbeck Syndrome, Selective Cobalamin Malabsorption (CUBN Exon 53) (Chromosome 2)
- Imerslund-Grasbeck Syndrome, Selective Cobalamin Malabsorption (CUBN Exon 8) (Chromosome 2)

## Neuromuscular

- Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome (CHAT) (Chromosome 28)
- Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome (COLQ) (Chromosome 23)
- Episodic Falling Syndrome (BCAN) (Chromosome 7)

## Integument (Skin & Connective Tissues)

- Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (COL7A1) (Chromosome 20)
- Ectodermal Dysplasia, Skin Fragility Syndrome (PKP1) (Chromosome 7)
- Ichthyosis, Epidermolytic Hyperkeratosis (KRT10) (Chromosome 9)
- Ichthyosis (PNPLA1) (Chromosome 12)
- Ichthyosis (SLC27A4) (Chromosome 9)
- Focal Non-Epidermolytic Palmoplantar Keratoderma, Pachyonychia Congenita (KRT16) (Chromosome 9)
- Hereditary Footpad Hyperkeratosis (FAM83G) (Chromosome 5)
- Hereditary Nasal Parakeratosis (SUV39H2) (Chromosome 2)
- Musladin-Lueke Syndrome (ADAMTSL2) (Chromosome 9)

## Skeletal

- Cleft Lip and/or Cleft Palate (ADAMTS20) (Chromosome 27)
- Hereditary Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets (VDR) (Chromosome 27)
- Oculoskeletal Dysplasia 1, Dwarfism-Retinal Dysplasia (COL9A3, Labrador Retriever)

(Chromosome 24)

- Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Brittle Bone Disease (COL1A2) (Chromosome 14)
- Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Brittle Bone Disease (SERPINH1) (Chromosome 21)
- Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Brittle Bone Disease (COL1A1) (Chromosome 9)
- Osteochondrodysplasia, Skeletal Dwarfism (SLC13A1) (Chromosome 14)
- Skeletal Dysplasia 2 (COL11A2) (Chromosome 12)
- Craniomandibular Osteopathy (CMO) (SLC37A2) (Chromosome 5)

## Information about Embark

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Embark Veterinary is a canine consumer genetics company offering research-grade genetic tests to owners and breeders. Embark is a research partner of the Cornell University College of Veterinary Medicine and collaborates with scientists and registries to accelerate genetic research in canine health. The Embark test is the only comprehensive test on the market, providing results for over 160 genetic health conditions and accurate breed identification based on over 200,000 genetic markers. We strive to make it easy for customers and vets to understand, share and use their dog's unique genetic profile to improve their pet's health and happiness.

You can learn more on our website [embarkvet.com](https://embarkvet.com)

Veterinarians and hospitals can send inquiries to [veterinarians@embarkvet.com](mailto:veterinarians@embarkvet.com).